

57. In this diagram, $\overline{DE} \cong \overline{FI}$ and $\angle D \cong \angle I$. Which additional information is sufficient to prove that $\triangle DEF$ is congruent to $\triangle FHI$?

Given: $\angle A \cong \angle T$ and $\overline{TR} \cong \overline{PR}$
 Prove: $\triangle PAR \cong \triangle PTR$

S	R
$\angle A \cong \angle T$ (GIVEN)	$\angle A \cong \angle T$ (GIVEN)
$\overline{TR} \cong \overline{PR}$ (GIVEN)	$\overline{TR} \cong \overline{PR}$ (GIVEN)
$\angle PRA \cong \angle PTR$ (vertical \angle 's \cong)	$\angle PRA \cong \angle PTR$ (vertical \angle 's \cong)
$\triangle PAR \cong \triangle PTR$ (SAS)	$\triangle PAR \cong \triangle PTR$ (SAS)

1

Triangle Midsegment Theorem

What do you think it is?

2

Triangle Midsegment

1. Parallel to one side of the triangle
 2. Is $\frac{1}{2}$ the length of the parallel side
 3. Connects the midpoints

3

Triangle Midsegment Theorem EQUATION

$MIDSEGMENT = \frac{1}{2} \text{Parallel Side}$
 or
 $2(MIDSEGMENT) = \text{Parallel Side}$

$2(x)$

x

?

4

1. Solve for x.

$2(x) = \frac{18}{2}$
 $x = 9$

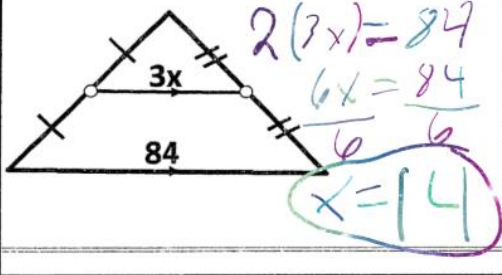
5

2. Solve for y.

$2(12) = y$
 $24 = y$

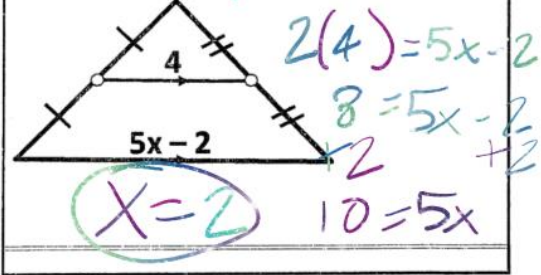
6

3. Solve for x.



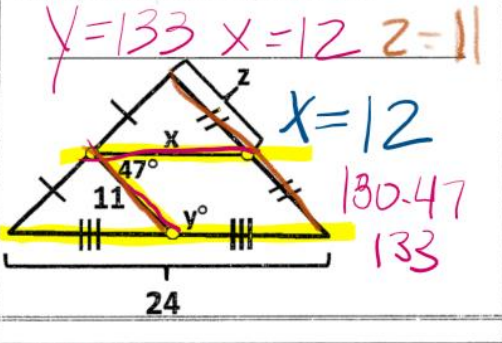
7

4. Solve for x.



8

5. Solve for the missing variables.



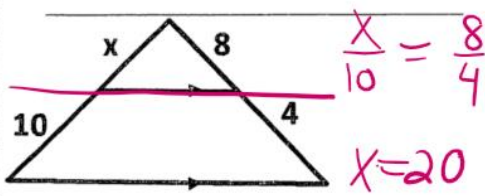
9 practice pgs 16

Proportional Parts of Triangles

BE CONSISTENT WITH HOW YOU SET UP THE

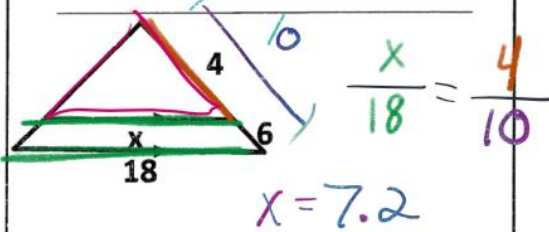
10

1. Solve for x.



11

2. Solve for x.



12

3. Solve for x. *Try*

$\frac{8}{x} = \frac{12}{15}$

$x = 10$

13

Determine if a midsegment or proportionality problem and solve.

$2(8) = x$

$16 = x$

14

Determine if a midsegment or proportionality problem and solve.

$\frac{x}{8} = \frac{15}{10}$

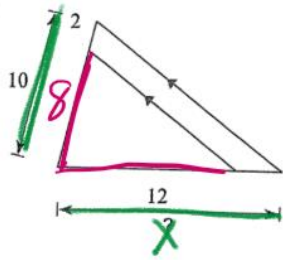
$x = 12$

15 *practice pg 17-18*

Midsegment and Proportionality Review

Find the missing length indicated.

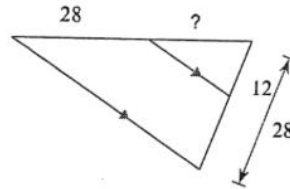
1)



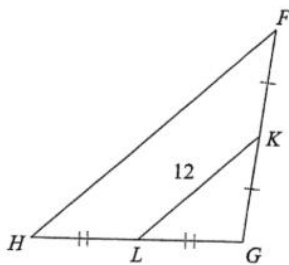
$$\frac{X}{12} = \frac{10}{8}$$

$$X = 15$$

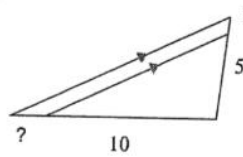
2)



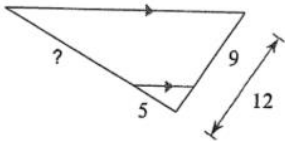
3) Find FH



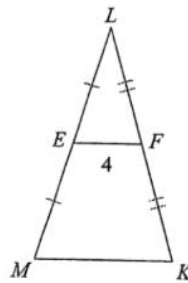
4)



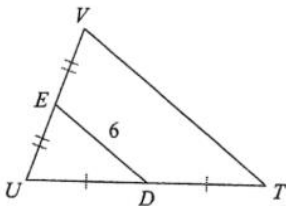
5)



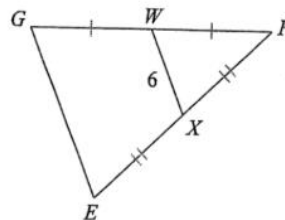
6) Find MK



7) Find TV



8) Find GE



Solve for x .

