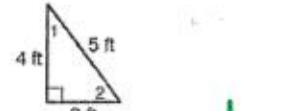


Geometry**Trig Ratio HW****Solving Right Triangles**

Use the given trigonometric ratio to determine whether $\angle 1$ or $\angle 2$ is $\angle A$ in each exercise.

1. $\sin A = \frac{4}{5}$ 2

2. $\cos A = \frac{4}{5}$ 1



3. $\tan A = \frac{3}{4}$ 1

4. $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$ 1

5. $\cos A = \frac{3}{5}$ 2

6. $\tan A = \frac{4}{3}$ 2

Use a calculator to find each angle measure to the nearest degree.

7. $\sin^{-1}(0.33)$ 19°

8. $\cos^{-1}(0.47)$ 62°

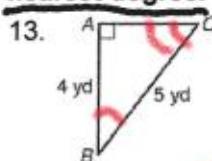
9. $\tan^{-1}(1.21)$ 50°

10. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{10}\right)$ 64°

11. $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$ 78°

12. $\tan^{-1}\left(2\frac{3}{4}\right)$ 70°

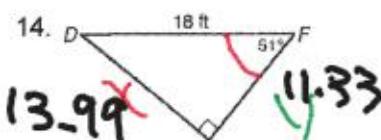
Use a calculator and inverse trigonometric ratios to find the unknown side lengths and angle measures. Round lengths to the nearest hundredth and angle measures to the nearest degree.



AC = 3

$m\angle B = 37^\circ$

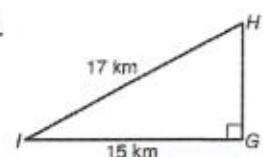
$m\angle C = 53^\circ$



DE = 13.99

EF = 11.33

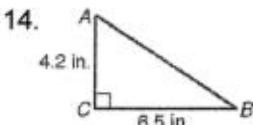
$m\angle D = 39^\circ$



GH = 8.00 km $b^2 + 5^2 = 17^2$

$m\angle H = 62^\circ$ $b = 8$

$m\angle I = 28^\circ$ $\sin(H) = \frac{15}{17}$ $\cos(I) = \frac{15}{17}$

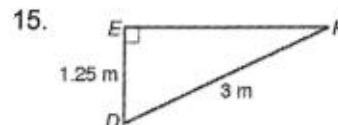


$4.2^2 + 6.5^2 = c^2$ AB = 7.74 in

$7.74 = c$ $m\angle A = 57^\circ$

$\tan(A) = \frac{6.5}{4.2}$ $m\angle B = 33^\circ$

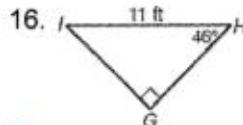
$\tan(B) = \frac{4.2}{6.5}$



EF = 2.73 m $1.25^2 + b^2 = 3^2$
 $b = 2.727$

$m\angle D = 65^\circ$ $\cos(D) = \frac{1.25}{3}$

$m\angle F = 25^\circ$ $\sin(F) = \frac{1.25}{3}$

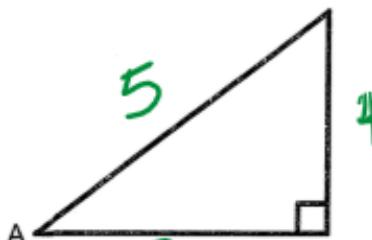


GH = 7.64 ft $\cos(46) = \frac{x}{11}$

$m\angle I = 44^\circ$ $\sin(46) = \frac{y}{11}$

If $\sin A = \frac{4}{5}$, find $\cos A$ and $\tan A$. Leave the answers in ratio form.

Then use a calculator to find $m\angle A$ to the nearest tenth of a degree.



17. $\cos A = \underline{\underline{\frac{3}{5}}}$

18. $\tan A = \underline{\underline{\frac{4}{3}}}$

19. $m\angle A = \underline{\underline{53.1^\circ}}$

Given the value of one trigonometric function, find the other two. Leave the answers in ratio form. Rationalize fractions. Find angle measures to the nearest tenth of a degree.

20. $\tan E = \frac{1}{2}$

$\angle E = \underline{\underline{26.6^\circ}}$

$\sin(E) = \underline{\underline{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}}}$

$\cos(E) = \underline{\underline{\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}}}$

21. $\cos M = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$\angle M = \underline{\underline{30^\circ}}$

$\sin(M) = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{2}}}$

$\tan(M) = \underline{\underline{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}}}$

22. $\sin H = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$\angle H = \underline{\underline{45^\circ}}$

$\cos(H) = \underline{\underline{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}}$

$\tan(H) = \underline{\underline{1}}$

23. $\tan K = \sqrt{3}$

$\angle K = \underline{\underline{60^\circ}}$

$\sin(K) = \underline{\underline{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}}$

$\cos(K) = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{2}}}$